

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. **(Withdrawn)** A method for the detection, identification and/or the quantification of one or more target molecule(s) present in a sample comprising the steps of :

binding said target molecule to a capture molecule bound upon the surface of a solid support, said solid support being a disc according to Claim 45, said binding resulting in a signal,

detecting and/or quantifying said signal with the proviso that said signal is not obtained through cleavage of the capture molecule.

2. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the signal for the detection, identification and/or quantification of the target molecule is present or read on areas of the disc different from areas wherein the registered data are present or read.

3. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 2, wherein the signal for the detection, identification and/or quantification of the target molecule is present or read on an area being on one side of the disc, and wherein the signal of the registered data is present or read on an area being on the opposite side of the said disc.

4. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the detection, identification and/or quantification is performed on areas of the disc comprising registered data.

5. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the capture molecules are bound on determined locations on the disc surface according to an array having a density of at least 5 different bound capture molecules/cm² disc surface.

6. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, comprising the detection, identification and/or quantification of expression of multiple genes.

7. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 5, wherein the detection, identification and/or quantification are performed on at least 3 different arrays present upon the same disc surface.

8. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of reading and/or recording the registered data by a reader other than the detector used for the detection, identification and/or quantification of the signal resulting from the binding between the target molecule(s).

9. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the capture molecules and the target molecules are nucleotide sequences.

10. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the capture molecules and target molecules are respectively either antigens and antibodies or antibodies and antigens.

11. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the capture and target molecules are respectively either receptors and ligands of said receptors or ligands and their receptors.

12. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the capture molecule is a single or double stranded nucleotide sequence and wherein the target molecule is a ligand of said sequence.

13. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the target molecules comprise two binding sites, one binding site to its corresponding capture molecule and another binding site for another molecule.

14. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 13, wherein said target molecule is an enzyme.

15. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the capture molecules are obtained from a chemical or biological library.

16. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the capture molecules are bound to the surface of the disc and are in solution in one or more wells of multiwell plates disposed upon said surface, said solution being withdrawn and delivered on the surface in defined locations.

17. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 5, wherein the detection of the signal allows for characterization of a chemical compound bound to its corresponding capture molecule at a determined location as a potential drug acting upon a receptor being its capture molecule.

18. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 4, wherein the detection of the signal allows for characterization of a chemical compound bound at a determined location to a receptor as a potential drug.

19. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 5, wherein the detection of the signal allows for characterization of a chemical compound which acts as agonist or antagonist of the fixation of a ligand to its receptor.

20. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 5, wherein the signal observed in a determined location is correlated with the identification and/or a quantification of said target compounds.

21. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the detection and/or the quantification of the signal is obtained by reflection, absorption or diffraction of a light beam, or variation of an electromagnetic field.

22. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the detection and/or the quantification of the signal is made on a turning disc.

23. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the detection and/or the quantification of the signal is obtained by a fluorescent light emission after excitation of the bound target and capture molecules by a light beam.

24. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the detection and/or the quantification of the signal is obtained by an emission selected from the group consisting of a light beam, a radiation emission, and a magnetic field.

25. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 24, wherein the emission of a light beam is generated by a marker bound to the target and/or the capture molecule, said marker being selected from the group consisting of chemical, biological, fluorescent, electroluminescent and radioactive markers.

26. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the signal generated by the binding between the target and the capture molecules is either a precipitate on the surface of the disc or a corrosion of one or more layer(s) of the surface of the disc.

27. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 26, wherein the precipitate is either an opaque precipitate or a magnetic precipitate.

28. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 26, wherein the precipitate is a deposit of a colloidal metal reagent.

29. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 26, wherein the precipitate is a silver precipitate.

30. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the binding between the target and the capture molecules allows the binding of one or more additional molecule(s) upon the target and/or the capture molecules.

31. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 30, wherein said additional molecule is either a microbead or a magnetic particle.

32. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the registered data of the disc are binary data.

33. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the disc is a compact-disc.

34. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 7, wherein reading registered data allows for the interpretation of the signal resulting from the binding between the capture and the target molecules.

35. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein reading of the registered data provides information regarding the location of the deposit of capture molecules upon the disc surface.

36. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 2, wherein the disc has at least one portion containing a layer for writing numeric information.

37. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 2, wherein the result data of identification and/or quantification of the bound target molecule are written on the disc as numeric data.

38. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 2, wherein resulting data of identification and/or quantification of the bound target molecules are transformed into numeric data.

39. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 2, wherein capture molecules are specific molecules corresponding to a limited number of data bytes.

40. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to the claim 39, wherein the capture molecules serve as target molecules.

41. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, wherein numeric information are bytes converted into a nucleotide sequence(s) being deposited and/or present on the disc.

42. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to the claim 39, wherein the alignment of capture molecules is converted into information selected from the group consisting of words, numbers, music, software, and data.

43. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 39, comprising data bytes present on the same disc as both numeric information and capture molecules.

44. **(Withdrawn)** The method according to claim 1, which further comprises the step of putting into fluid contact one or more chambers located upon the surface of the disc by connecting them by micro-channels and valves.

45. **(Currently amended)** A compact-disc (CD) or digital video disc (DVD) comprising:

one or more nucleic acid capture molecule(s) bound to a first specific surface area of said disc that does not comprise ~~tracks~~ track or grooves with registered data, wherein said nucleic acid capture molecule(s) do(es) not comprise a cleavable spacer, said nucleic acid capture molecules having a disc attaching end and a signal responsive end, said nucleic acid capture molecule(s) providing a site for specific binding with one or more nucleic acid target molecule(s) to be detected, identified and/or quantified, wherein said nucleic acid capture and target molecules are single-stranded nucleic acids that are complementary to each other; and

registered data in the form of lands, and pits that can be read by a CD or DVD reading device in a second specific area of said disc, said registered data concerning characteristics of the capture molecules or concerning treatment of a signal which results from binding between the target molecule(s) and the capture molecule(s), wherein said registered data is binary data.

46. **Canceled**

47. **Canceled**

48. **Canceled**

49. **Canceled**

50. **(Currently amended)** The disc according to claim 45, which comprises microchannels and chambers, ~~which are connected and in fluidic contact by~~ wherein said microchannels fluidly connect said chambers.

51. **Canceled**

52. **(Previously presented)** The disc according to claim 45, wherein the registered data contain information regarding location of the sample and/or the nucleic acid capture molecules on the disc surface.

53. **(Previously presented)** The disc according to claim 45, wherein the nucleic acid capture molecules on the disc surface are a library of molecules.

54. **(Previously presented)** The disc according to claim 45, wherein the nucleic acid capture molecules are bound upon one side of said disc, and wherein the opposite side of said disc comprises the registered data.

55. **Canceled**

56. **Canceled**

57. **Canceled**

58. **Canceled**

59. **Canceled**

60. **(Currently amended)** The disc according to claim 45, which comprises upon at a first specific ~~location upon its surface~~ area one or more non-fluorescent layers.

61. **(Original)** The disc according to claim 45, comprising a central portion being a mini-CD.

62. **(Original)** The disc according to claim 45, which comprises one portion containing a layer for writing numeric information.

63. **(Previously presented)** The disc according to claim 61, wherein said portion is a writing mini-CD.

64. **(Currently amended)** The disc according to claim 63, wherein said portion comprises data regarding location, detection, identification and/or quantification of a bound target molecule, said data being stored on the mini CD disc surface as numeric data.

65. **(Currently amended)** The disc according to claim 45, which serves as a substrate for storage information in the form of nucleic acid capture molecules, wherein the nucleic acid capture molecules ~~are specific and~~ correspond to data bytes.

66. **(Previously presented)** The disc according to claim 65, wherein the data bytes corresponding to nucleic acid capture molecules are present in line on the disc surface.

67. **Canceled**

68. **Canceled**

69. **(Currently amended)** The disc according to claim 45, which comprises in contact with a first specific surface area a molded support dividing in contact with the disc, wherein said support divides the disc into incubation chambers.

70. **(Previously presented)** A method of making the disc according to claim 45, which comprises the step of binding upon the surface of a disc comprising registered data, nucleic acid capture molecules through a photoactivation of said capture molecules.

71. **(Previously presented)** The method according to claim 70, wherein the binding of the nucleic acid capture molecules is obtained through a covalent link between one end of the nucleic acid capture molecule and the surface layer of the disc.

72. **(Previously presented)** The method according to claim 70, wherein the disc surface is recovered by a protective layer that is made of protein, saccharide products or a combination thereof, which allow or improve the protection and stabilization of the nucleic acid capture molecule.

73. **(Previously presented)** A diagnostic kit comprising the disc of the claim 45 and reactants allowing the binding between a nucleic acid target molecule and its nucleic acid capture molecule.

74. **(Currently amended)** A detection and/or reading device ~~for which allows the detection and/or the quantification of a signal which results from the binding between a nucleic acid target molecule present in a sample and its nucleic acid capture molecule, and which comprises;~~

the disc according to claim 45 and

an apparatus comprising: ~~means for the detection and/or quantification of said signal~~

a first reading device for reading the registered data by penetration and reflection of a laser beam from the lands and pits in the second specific surface area of the disc and for making the disc rotate, and

a second reading device for reading the signal resulting from the binding between said target molecule and said nucleic acid capture molecule in the first

specific surface area of the disc, wherein said second reading device is an optical system for the detection of a light beam which moves along one dimension so as to cover the radius of the disc.

75. **(Currently amended)** The detection and/or reading device according to claim 74, wherein the first reading device is being a compact-disc reading device.

76. **Canceled**

77. **Canceled**

78. **(Currently amended)** The device according to claim 74 ~~77~~, wherein the second reading device ~~detector~~ further comprises ~~means for emitting a laser beam and a photodiode light~~ photomultiplier system.

79. **Canceled**

80. **Canceled**

81. **(Currently amended)** A handling device for the disc according to claim 45 comprising ~~means and media~~ components for purification of the nucleic acid target molecule, reverse transcription of said nucleic acid target molecule being a RNA sequence into a DNA sequence, a specific cleavage of said nucleic acid target molecule, or a genetic amplification of said nucleic acid target molecule.

82. **(Currently amended)** The handling device according to claim 81, wherein said means components comprise ~~comprises~~ several chambers connected to each other by microchannels and valves.

83. **(Original)** The handling device according to claim 82, wherein one or more of said valves are opened by using centrifugal force of the turning disc or are opened by melting a closing material present in said valves or microchannels, either by application of a local heated material or air or by steady illumination of a laser beam upon said material.

84. **(Original)** The handling device according to claim 81, further comprising a heating system.

85. **(Withdrawn)** An apparatus for performing the method according to claim 44, comprising a handling device for a disc platform and a supporting contact with the surface of the disc allowing the formation of a series of chambers connected by microchannels upon the array, said chambers comprising capture molecules.

86. **(Original)** A diagnostic kit according to claim 73 further comprising reactants allowing the detection of a signal which results from said binding.

87. **(Previously presented)** The method of Claim 72, wherein the protective layer is made of albumin or disaccharides.

88. **(Previously presented)** The diagnostic kit of Claim 73 further comprising reactants allowing the detection of a signal which results from said binding.

89. **(Currently amended)** The CD or DVD of Claim 45, wherein the nucleic acid capture molecules are disposed on the first specific surface area of the disc as arrays of at least 5 spots per cm^2 of the surface.

90. **(New)** The disc according to Claim 89, comprising at least 3 arrays for the analysis of at least 3 samples.

91. **(New)** The disc according to Claim 45, wherein the binding between the nucleic acid capture molecule(s)' attaching end and the disc is a covalent binding.

92. **(New)** The disc according to Claim 91, wherein said covalent binding results from attaching the nucleic acid capture molecules to a polymeric layer selected from the group consisting of a polymeric layer with aldehyde groups or acrylate groups and an oxidized polymeric layer.